



**PERIODIC TEST 1 (APRIL, 2023)**

**GRADE- XII**

**SUBJECT - MATHEMATICS**

**TIME: 90 MINS**

**MM- 40**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTION**

- This question paper consists of 20 questions.
- All questions are compulsory. However internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- Section A consists of 10 questions carrying 1 mark each
- Section B consist of 5 questions carrying 2 marks each.
- Section C consists of 2 questions carrying 3 marks each.
- Section D contains 1 question of case study consist of 4 marks
- Section E consists of 2 question carrying 5 marks each.

**SECTION-A**

**(10 × 1 = 10)**

Q1. Determine whether each of the following relations are reflexive, symmetric and transitive:

R: { (x, y) : x is father of y }

Q2. Find the principal values of the following:  $\sin^{-1} \left( \frac{-1}{2} \right)$

Q3. Find the value of;  $\cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\cos 7\pi}{6} \right)$

Q4. What is the value of  $\tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} y$

Q5. What is the number of all possible matrices of order 3×3 with each entry 0 or 1 is

Q6. Find the values of  $x, y, z$  from the following equation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ x & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y & z \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q7. Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$   $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

Find the following:

$$A + B$$

Q8. Find the transpose of the following matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}'$$

Q9. What is the range of  $\sin^{-1} x$ .

Q10. In the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  What is

(i) The order of the matrix (ii) The number of elements.

### SECTION- B

(2×5=10)

Q11 Determine whether each of the following relations are reflexive, symmetric and transitive:

$$R = \{(x, y) : 3x - y = 0\}$$

Q12. Find the values of the following:

$$\tan^{-1} 1 + \cos^{-1} \frac{-1}{2} + \sin^{-1} \frac{-1}{2}$$

Q13. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $B = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$  and let  $f = \{(1, 4), (2, 5), (3, 6)\}$  be a function from  $A$  to  $B$ . Show that  $f$  is one- one.

Q14. Find the value of  $x, y, z$  from the following equations:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x + y & 2 \\ 5 + z & xy \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q15. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 & 9 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  And  $B = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & -5 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , Then verify that

$$(A+B)' = A' + B'$$

### SECTION - C

(3×2=6)

Q16. If  $\tan^{-1} \frac{x-1}{x-2} + \tan^{-1} \frac{x+1}{x-2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$ , Then find the value of x.

Q17. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  And  $I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , Find k so that  $A^2 = kA - 2I$

OR

Q17. Using elementary transformations, find the inverse of each of the matrices, if it exists

(i)  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

### SECTION - D (CASE STUDY QUESTION)

(4×1=4)

Q18. In a city there are two factories A and B. Each factory produces sports clothes for boys and girls. There are 3 types of clothes produced in both factories, type I, II, III. For boys the number of units of type I, II, III are 80, 70, 65 in factory A and 85, 65, and 72 in factory B. For girls the number of units of type I, II, III respectively are 80, 75, 90 in a factory A and 50, 55, 80 in factory B.

Based on above information, answer the following question.

(i) If P represent the matrix of number of units of each type produced by the factory A for both boys and girls, then P is given by

(a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 85 & 50 \\ 65 & 55 \\ 72 & 80 \end{bmatrix}$

(b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 50 & 55 & 80 \\ 65 & 65 & 72 \end{bmatrix}$

(c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 80 & 75 & 90 \\ 80 & 70 & 65 \end{bmatrix}$

(d)  $\begin{bmatrix} 80 & 80 \\ 70 & 75 \\ 65 & 90 \end{bmatrix}$

(ii) If Q represent the matrix of number of units of each type produced by the factory B for both boys and girls, then Q is given by

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} 85 & 50 \\ 65 & 55 \\ 72 & 80 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{bmatrix} 50 & 55 & 80 \\ 85 & 65 & 72 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{bmatrix} 80 & 75 & 90 \\ 80 & 70 & 65 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(d) \begin{bmatrix} 80 & 80 \\ 70 & 75 \\ 65 & 90 \end{bmatrix}$$

(iii) The total production of sports clothes of each type for boys is given by the matrix

$$(a) [165 \quad 130 \quad 137]$$

$$(b) [130 \quad 165 \quad 137]$$

$$(c) [165 \quad 135 \quad 137]$$

$$(d) [137 \quad 135 \quad 167]$$

(iv) The total produced of sports clothes of each type for girls is given by the matrix

$$(a) [130 \quad 130 \quad 170]$$

$$(b) [130 \quad 165 \quad 137]$$

$$(c) [130 \quad 170 \quad 130]$$

$$(d) \text{None of these}$$

### SECTION- E

(5×2=10)

Q19. Find the value of each of the following:

$$\tan \frac{1}{2} \left[ \sin^{-1} \frac{2x}{1+x^2} + \cos^{-1} \frac{1-y^2}{1+y^2} \right]$$

$$(i) \quad 3\sin^{-1} x = \sin^{-1}(3x - 4x^3)$$

Q20. Show that the Signum Function  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , is given by

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{if } x = 0 \\ -1, & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Is neither one-one nor onto.